Annex C

Nomogram



Figure 46. Nomogram for Estimating Anomalies from Typical Objects (assuming dipole

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE:

To use the nomogram, select a given weight or type of object from among the diagonal labeled lines. Then choose a distance along the bottom line (abscissa) of the graph and follow a vertical line upwards from that distance until it intersects the diagonal line of the selected object. At that point, move horizontally to the left to a value on the vertical axis (ordinate) of the graph and read the intensity in gammas.

At a given distance, the intensity is proportional to the weight of the object. Therefore, for an object whose weight is not precisely that of the labeled lines, simply multiply the intensity in gammas by the ratio of the desired weight to the labeled weight on the graph. If the distance desired does not appear on the graph, remember that for a typical object the intensity is inversely proportional to the cube of the distance and for a long pipeline the intensity is inversely proportional to the square of the distance between magnetometer sensor and object. Due to the many uncertainties described herein, the estimates derived from this nomogram may be larger or smaller by a factor of 2 to 5 or perhaps more.