September 2010
Cost figures as of: July 2025



# Atchafalaya Sediment Delivery (AT-02)

## **Project Status**

Approved Date: 1992 Project Area: 4,248 acres
Approved Funds: \$2 M

Total Est. Cost: \$2 M

Net Benefit After 20 Years: 2,232 acres

Status: Completed March 1998

Project Type: Dredged Material/Marsh Creation and

Hydrologic Restoration

**PPL#:** 2

#### Location

The project is located east of the lower Atchafalaya River navigation channel in the Atchafalaya River Delta, approximately 19 miles southwest of Morgan City, Louisiana, in St. Mary Parish.

#### **Problems**

Growth of the lower Atchafalaya Delta has been reduced as a result of maintenance of the Atchafalaya River navigation channel. Delta development in the shallow waters of Atchafalaya Bay is dependent on distributary flows and the diversion of sediments into over-bank areas through crevasse channels.

Because of the placement of material dredged from the navigation channel and sediment accumulation within the channels that decrease flow efficiency, the open crevasse channels are frequently short-lived. As riverflow through a crevasse channel is reduced, the amount of sediment that can be deposited in the delta is likewise reduced, resulting in decreased marsh development.

#### **Restoration Strategy**

The purpose of this project is to promote natural delta development by reopening two silted-in channels and using those dredged sediments to create new wetlands. Approximately 720,000 cubic yards of sediment were dredged from Natal Channel and Castille Pass in 1998. Over 12,000 feet of channel were reopened, and more than 280 acres of new habitat were created by the strategic placement of the dredged channels' sediments. By reestablishing water and sediment flow into the eastern part of the Atchafalaya Delta, an additional 1,200 acres of new habitat are expected to be naturally created over the life of the project.



A bucket dredge is shown removing sediment from a shoaled-in channel in order to help reestablish water and sediment flow within the Atchafalaya Delta.

### **Progress to Date**

Construction was completed in 1998. A pre-versus postconstruction habitat analysis using aerial photography indicated that, while there was an increase in land of 78.4 acres, the majority of the habitat created was represented by forested wetland (50.1 acres), while fresh marsh and upland barren habitats accounted for 14 acres gain each. Although many of the dominant plant species are present in both created and reference areas, the created areas contained different plant communities when compared to any time period in the development of a natural crevasse splay that served as a reference area for this project. Although the long-term effects on submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) are unclear, habitat mapping indicated an increase in SAV habitat of 221.5 acres from 1997 to 1998, but this is very close to the increases that were reported in the project area pre-construction. Satellite imagery indicates that there have been significant increases in emergent acreage from 1998 to 2008 This project is on Priority Project List 2.

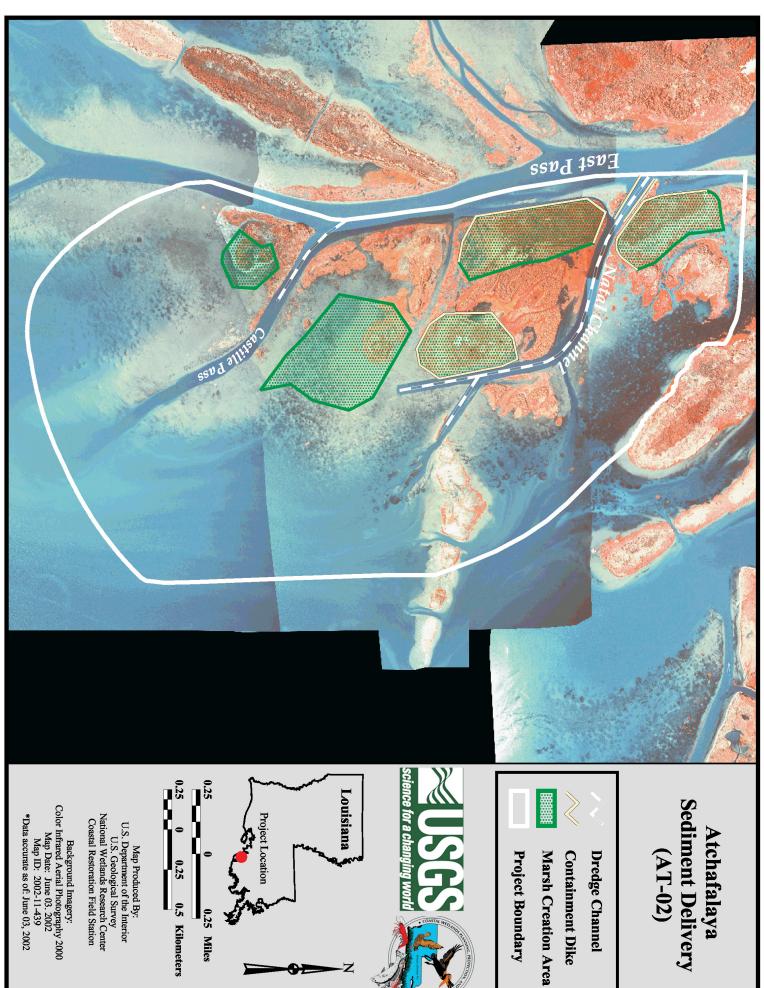
For more information, please contact:



Federal Sponsor: National Marine Fisheries Service Baton Rouge, LA (225) 389-0508



**Local Sponsor:**Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority
Baton Rouge, LA
(225) 342-4736



National Wetlands Research Center Coastal Restoration Field Station Map Produced By:
U.S. Department of the Interior
U.S. Geological Survey

0.5 Kilometers

0.25 Miles

Background Imagery:
Color Infrared Aerial Photography 2000
Map Date: June 03. 2002
Map ID: 2002-11-439 \*Data accurate as of: June 03, 2002