Claude & Clawdette's Estuary Adventure

The Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary Program's Children's Activity Booklet



Claude & Clawdette's Estuary Adventure

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In Memory of Michael W. St. Pierre

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This public document was published at a total cost of \$ XXXX copies of this published in this first printing at a cost of \$ The total cost of all printings of this document, including reprints is \$ This document was published by the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary Program, Nicholls State University Campus, P.O. Box 2663, Thibodaux, LA 70310, to provide the public with environmental information under the authority of LA. R.S. 30:2011. This material was printed in accordance with standards for printing by state agencies established pursuant to LA. R.S. 43:31.



Welcome to Louisiana, Cher!!!

We are Claude and Claudette. Our jobs are to represent the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary and educate people about this dynamic ecosystem and area.

"I'm Claude. I'm a male crab with blue claws, and I've lived in the estuary for many years. Let me tell you what an estuary is. An estuary is a coastal area where saltwater from the ocean mixes with fresh water from rivers and bayous."

Claude is my best friend, and we grew up together in this estuary. So, now that you know what an estuary is, I hope you're curious about what types of things live in this estuary. This wetland habitat is an area that is home to many different animals such as alligators, birds, nutria, frogs, turtles, and fish. But these are only a few of the animals that live in the estuary. You will explore many more things about the estuary in our activity book."

"Look down! I'm Clawdette. I'm

a female crab with red claws.

"The region of
Louisiana that makes up
the BaratariaTerrebonne National
Estuary is shown shaded
on the lower right.



Color Claude's

claws blue.

As you can see, most of southeast Louisiana makes up the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary."

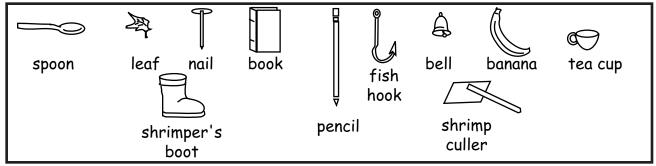
That's right! The estuary is very important to Louisiana. It protects the coastline from damage in hurricanes! It is home to many species of animals and plants. It provides people with resources such as oil, gas, fisheries, and serves as an inlet for the navigation industry. Our activity book will teach you a little about the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary and the animals and plants and people that live here! Label the major cities the people of Louisiana live in. We hope that you enjoy the adventures we have created for you in our book! (Cities: Baton Rouge, New Orleans, Shreveport, Lake Charles, Lafayette, Monroe, Alexandria)



claws red.

Can You Find the Hidden Pictures?







Claude and Clawdette need your help!

Claude and Clawdette need your help to get home!! They went to visit Baton Rouge, but forgot how to get back to their home in the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary. Help them find their way through the maze to return to their home! Watch for the danger



Claude and Clawdette's Word Find

Claude and Clawdette have hidden words that describe our estuary in the table below. Check out the estuary word bank for hints to find the words. Words on the puzzle read

forward, backward, up, down and diagonally in both directions. Find all the estuary words.

Can you find all the words?

Claude and Clawdette think you can!!

Α	X	R	В	K	L	С	L	Α	R	M	A	D	I	L	L	0	S	D	J
J	2	U	Т	R	I	Α	С	Е	Q	D	G	Е	X	Е	Z	Ν	N	U	L
D	J	I	С	Е	L	J	0	У	N	U	K	Α	٥	Е	A	2	Е	0	Р
Н	Ρ	M	K	W	W	J	Ø	۵	Е	X	W	5	Т	K	K	G	В	X	С
U	٧	A	S	K	Ε	Ν	υ	0	K	N	I	W	Е	Ν	Т	K	L	M	N
R	Z	R	U	0	Н	S	G	Z	В	٧	0	Р	I	Ν	Т	Ε	×	Ε	5
R	2	X	A	5	Е	Т	S	Z	S	٥	У	Н	У	K	M	2	0	У	Р
I	D	D	X	С	У	Р	R	Е	S	S	S	M	Z	I	D	D	Е	Α	R
C	K	L	N	υ	С	I	M	N	U	R	Т	5	G	Т	R	A	D	L	Е
Α	Z	M	В	I	Ε	0	Α	D	С	Р	Е	L	I	С	Α	Ν	J	Н	D
N	N	С	Т	X	Z	Α	0	U	I	M	R	N	Q	W	G	Н	N	Х	F
Е	D	R	С	D	5	D	R	Ν	N	Q	S	Α	2	I	0	Ν	J	K	I
U	S	Α	K	Т	W	D	Ε	S	X	Z	Е	W	2	A	N	L	5	N	5
G	Т	В	5	Ε	A	N	Ε	K	Z	W	R	K	2	0	F	M	Р	L	Н
F	I	S	Н	I	M	U	5	Н	R	I	M	Р	Z	K	L	J	Н	R	Е
Т	S	R	X	У	Р	Z	S	W	Q	W	J	Ε	Н	5	У	Α	S	U	L
N	K	Н	G	N	Ν	0	L	Z	D	F	R	G	Ε	5	С	Z	Т	K	L
0	K	Р	L	J	Ν	Н	D	J	Α	L	L	I	G	A	Т	0	R	K	I
L	Е	G	R	Ε	Т	В	D	Е	В	D	Q	W	D	K	L	5	Α	N	M
7	J	K	0	У	Т	D	Е	S	Т	U	Α	R	У	I	L	Α	Р	N	Z

Estuary Word Bank:

Alligator Armadillos Cajuns Crabs Cypress Dragonfly Eagle Egret Estuary Fish Hurricane Nutria **Oysters** Pelican Raccoon Redfish Shrimp Snake Swamp Trap

In the space below, list any other words you may have found in the puzzle above!



Crossword Puzzle

You may choose to use the clues in the word bank to help you solve the crossword puzzle.

CLUES:

The Barataria-Terrebonne Estuary is composed of 1. Down:

with beautiful cypress trees.

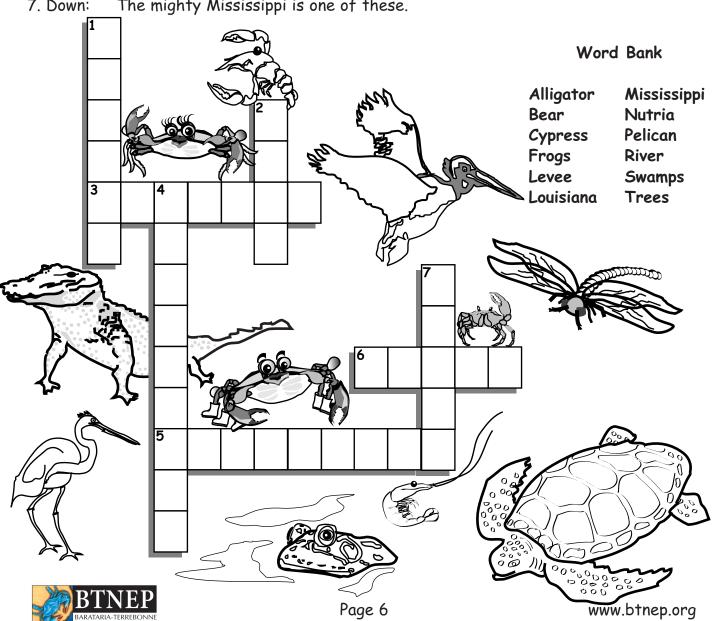
This black mammal hibernates in Louisiana. It is 2. Down:

on the threatened species list.

- 3. Across: The Louisiana State Bird is the ?
- 4. Down: The state that contains the Barataria-Terrebonne Estuary is
- 5. Across: A native reptile that lives in the clue from 1. Down.
- A man-made structure along the rivers that controls the flow of water 6 Across:

in the river.

The mighty Mississippi is one of these. 7. Down:



Coloring Page

An estuary provides habitats for many different animals. Color the estuary animals shown below and write the animal's name in the shaded boxes near each. What do all of these animals have in common? Which animal does not belong and why?



Animal Names: Alligator, Crab, Duck, Egret, Frog, Pelican, Raccoon, Redfish, Turtle, Nutria

Swamp Scramble

Claude and Clawdette have scrambled words related to the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary. Unscramble the words in the blanks to the right of each word.

Word:

Unscramble the Words Here:

LEPCANI
SYPCRES
LALGRTOIA
TRNUAI
ISSIMISPSPII
VLEEE
G F R O
Y A B U O
YRETUSA
GPROUIE



Word Bank:

Alligator, Bayou, Cypress, Estuary, Frog, Levee, Mississippi, Nutria, Pelican, Pirogue

Now, unscramble the shaded letters above to reveal the message below. Some letters are already placed for you.

HINT: How do we make sure that all of <u>Louisiana's</u> estuary animals have a home near the Gulf of Mexico?



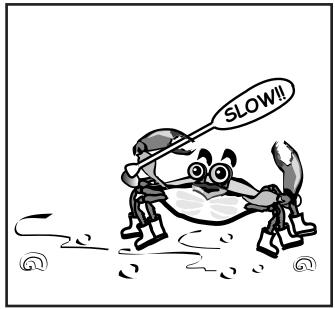


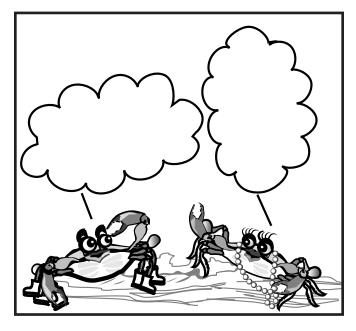
Fragile Marsh Story

Claude and Clawdette were sitting in the marshes of Louisiana one day. It was a "no-wake" zone near the bayou. While they were sitting there, they saw a boat approaching them. Claude said "That's Mr. Boudreaux in his boat, and he's going too fast." Clawdette agreed with him, saying "Boats that go too fast can damage the fragile coastal wetlands because they make big waves."

In the boxes below, finish the story between Claude and Claudette. Draw in anything else you would like in the boxes. Don't forget to fill in the conversation bubbles!











Wetlands as Water Purifiers

You can make your own filter and use it to clean a sample of dirty water. SAFETY NOTE: It is very important that you DO NOT drink this water, as it may still have things in it that are unhealthy. This experiment just shows you how water can be separated from the other materials in solution.

MATERIALS: 2 coffee filters, 20oz. heavy plastic cup, nail, sand, gravel, zip-top bag, charcoal briquettes (unused), clear bowl (approx. 1 quart or larger) & some muddy ditch water.

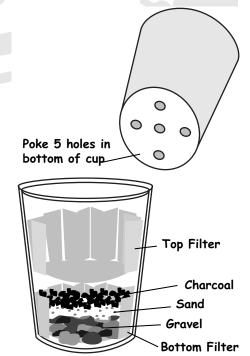
PROCEDURE:

- Using the nail, poke five holes into the bottom of the cup. Have an adult help you with this.
- 2. Put a coffee filter into the bottom of the cup.
- 3. Pour about 2 cm of gravel into the bottom but over the filter.
- 4. Cover the pebbles with about 5 cm of sand.
- 5. Put 1-2 charcoal briquettes into the zip-top bag and then crush them as fine as you can get them. Pour this onto the top of the sand.
 CAUTION: Crushed charcoal can become quite dusty. Do not breathe in the dust.
- 6. Put the other coffee filter on top of the charcoal.

Once the filter has been put together, collect some muddy water from a ditch or waterway. Gently, pour the muddy water into the filter, being careful not to overfill. Look at the water that comes out of the bottom of the cup into the bowl.

QUESTIONS:

- Describe what you observed in this experiment. Write a paragraph telling your best friend about your experiment and your observations.
- 2. Explain why we should not pollute our water supply.
- 3. Why is pollution bad for the animals and plants of the estuary?



4. What are some things you can do to help prevent water pollution in our estuary?



Swamp Sleuth

Crack the code below to figure out how to help to save Louisiana's Coastline. There are three messages below.

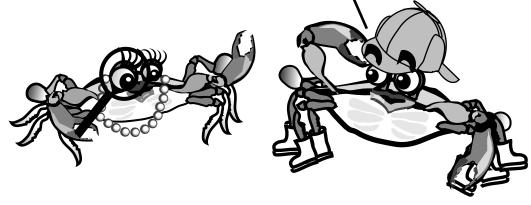
A = 5	B = 12	C = 26	D = 21	E = 1	F = 6	G = 13	H = 2
I = 22	J = 18	K = 9	L = 10	M = 23	N = 3	O = 8	P = 15
Q = 20	R = 7	S = 24	T= 4	U = 11	V = 14	W = 17	X = 25
Y - 19	7 – 16						

2 1 10 15 15 7 8 4 1 26 4 5 3 21 15 7 1 24 1 7 14 1

10 8 11 22 24 22 5 3 5 24

26 8 5 24 4 5 10 17 1 4 10 5 3 21 24

Interesting, my dear Clawdette!



9 1 1 15 17 5 4 1 7 26 10 1 5 3 5 3 21 2 1 5 10 4 2 19

7 1 24 15 1 26 4 4 2 1 1 24 4 11 5 7 19 1 3 14 22 7 8 3 23 1 3 4



Estuary Invaders

Claude and Clawdette meet up with their friend from the estuary, Sally Shrimp. Sally is telling them that the people who live in our estuary have put in several animals and plants that are not native to our area. It has resulted in a dangerous situation for their survival. These creatures are called **exotic** and may become **invasive**.

you tell me
what exotic
species have been
put into our
estuary?

Sure I can! I'll
pick 3 of the most
common examples.
Alligatorweed, Water
Hyacinth, and
Nutria.

Nutria are

large rodents that live near water. Nutria were released to Louisiana's coastline originally for the fur trapping industry. However, not

many people trap

Color the nutria brown.

You're right, Sally!

anymore, so the population

has grown rapidly. The problem with nutria is that it is a very

hungry animal that
eats the roots of
our native plants,
causing coastal
land loss. A
nutria can
eat 25% of
its body
weight each
day. There is
a coast-wide

is originally from
Argentina, and it has
become a major pest. It
grows in shallow marsh ponds
and on the edges of bayous and
sheltered lakes, as well as on the
wetland surface. Alligatorweed
infestations block rivers,
canals, and ditches across the
South, often causing severe

flooding.

Alligatorweed

The

water Hyacinth is
a plant that forms floating
mats. It is native to South America
and is now a serious pest in the southern United States. It was first brought
to Louisiana because of its beautiful purple

flowers. The first account of its introduction is from the Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans in 1884. The plant was originally grown in ponds at homes around New

Orleans and eventually escaped from there
to the marshes and bayous of Louisiana
Water hyacinth mats may double in
size within two weeks. The

species, visit the website: www.invasive

plants remove oxygen from water. Color the flowers

nutria control

program.

Color the alligator weed

To learn more about exotic or

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www.btnep.org

Claude's Estuary Quiz

Claude wants to know how much you've learned about the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary. Choose wisely!! Circle your answer.



- 1. The types of trees that grow in Louisiana's freshwater swamps are called:
 - a) Great Oak Trees

b) Cypress Trees

c) Poplar Trees

- d) Christmas Trees
- 2. Which of these animals is **NOT** native to Louisiana's estuaries and swamps?
 - a) Nutria

b) Alligator

c) Crab

- d) Snake
- 3. The Louisiana Estuary System supports which of these outdoor recreational sports?
 - a) Fishing

b) Hunting

c) Trapping

- d) It supports all of these.
- 4. Which of these plants is **NOT** native to Louisiana <u>AND</u> can harm our wetlands?
 - a) Water Hyacinth

b) Marsh Grass

c) Cat Tail

- d) Magnolia Tree
- 5. Which of these is **NOT** a way Southeast Louisiana residents make money from the estuary?
 - a) The Oil and Gas Industry
- b) Fishing, Trapping, and Hunting
- c) Navigation and Boating
- d) Making Cars

FACT: Since 1932, the Louisiana estuary has lost over 656 square miles of wetlands and barrier islands. The losses are caused by forces of nature and activities of people.

FACT: Louisiana loses nearly a football field of wetland (on average) every 40 minutes!!

FACT: Louisiana is one of America's largest and most productive estuaries. Freshwater drains from the land into lakes, bays, and bayous and meets the salty tides of the Gulf of Mexico.



FACT: As land is lost, salt water from the Gulf of Mexico moves deep into the estuary's freshwater areas through a process called saltwater intrusion causing harm to animals and plants.

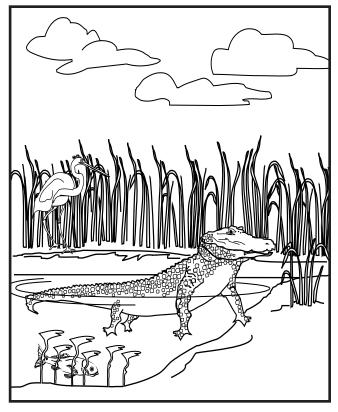
FACT: Barataria-Terrebonne's four-million-acre estuarine system provides nearly \$1 billion a year in commercial seafood fishing, sport fishing, and hunting.



Eagle Eye Challenge

Claude and Clawdette want to know how good your eyes and observation skills are. Can you spot the differences between the two pictures of Mr. Al E. Gator? Circle the differences between the two and then on the lines below the pictures, explain the differences. There are eight differences between the pictures. Good Luck!

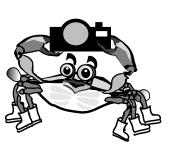


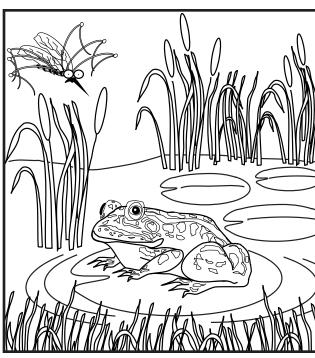


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3.	
4.	
7.	

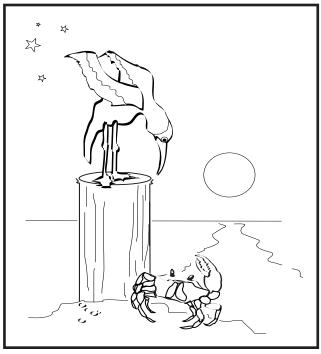
Habitat Happenings

Claude has taken pictures of his estuary friends. But, the film was black and white. Help him out by coloring in the pictures. Below each picture is a description of a habitat happening.

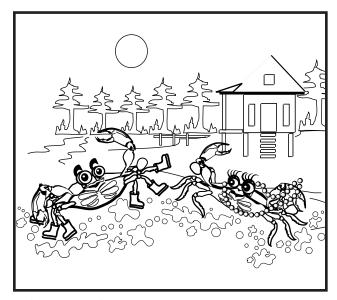




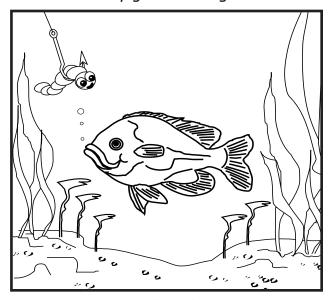
Freddie the Fabulous Frog waits for his next meal.



Sal the Seagull & Frankie the Fiddler Crab say good evening.



Claude & Clawdette go Cajun dancing in this self-portrait.



Perry the Playful Perch tricks the fisherman.



Edible Estuary

Claude and Clawdette have found a fun way to make and eat your own home-made "estuary". With the help of an adult, follow the directions below to make your own estuary.

Ingredients:

1 package berry blue gelatin 1 cup boiling water 2 cups ice cubes gummy fish and/or worms

Directions:

- Dissolve blue gelatin in the boiling water. Prepare as package directions indicate.
- 2. Add ice cubes, stirring until gelatin thickens. This will take about 3-5 minutes.
- 3. Remove any un-melted ice and spoon gelatin into clear-sided bowls or cups or into one big bowl. The gelatin should be slightly thickened.
- 4. Poke gummy fish and/or worms into each dish of slightly thickened gelatin. Create your own "estuary ecosystem."
- 5. Refrigerate at least 30 minutes to allow it time to set.
- 6. Have fun and eat your own home-made estuary.

If you are unable to find the berry blue flavor, use a store brand plain gelatin and add blue food coloring and/or flavoring to suit your taste. Another alternative would be to add a couple of drops of blue food coloring to lemon or lime gelatin to obtain the color green.

Estuary Quick Facts

- In 1991, wetland-related tourism activities such as hunting, fishing, bird-watching and photography added approximately \$59 billion to the United States' economy.
- An acre of wetland can store 1 1.5 million gallons of flood water.
- Up to one-half of North American bird species nest or feed in wetlands.
- Although wetlands keep only about 5 percent of the land surface in the United States, they are home to 31 percent of our plant species.

Adapted From: http://www.epa.gov/owow/wetlands/pdf/fun_val_pr.pdf



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www.btnep.org

Resources Page

Use these links to learn more about Louisiana wetlands or just to have fun.

http://www.btnep.org

The Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary Program Web Page

http://www.lacoast.gov Louisiana's Coast Web Page

http://www.laseagrant.org/ Louisiana Sea Grant Web Page

http://www.lsuagcenter.com/ LSU Agricultural Center Web Page

http://www.leeric.lsu.edu/le/special/bara_terre3.htm Facts about the Louisiana Estuary system

http://biology.usgs.gov/s+t/SNT/noframe/gc138.htm Facts about Coastal Louisiana

http://invasive.btnep.org Images of invasive species

http://www.wlf.louisiana.gov/ Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries Web Page

http://www.geocities.com/timtam50k/ Nutria-Ray.jpg Nutria Pictures

http://www.wisegorilla.com/images/seacreatures/seacreatures.html

Sea Creatures Images

http://www.photo.net/photo/pcd4336/corkscrew-swamp-alligator-70.tcl Picture of Alligator

http://www.ucls.uchicago.edu/students/projects/ChicagoWater/filter.html Learn to make your own water filter

http://www.leeric.lsu.edu/educat/lessons/erosion/coast_e2.htm Coastal Erosion on LEERIC at LSU

http://www.myfreecolouringpages.com/free_coloring_pages.htm Coloring Pictures





Claude & Clawdette

hope that you have enjoyed this booklet.

Remember to treat our wetlands with care!

"In the end, we will conserve only what we love, we will love only what we understand, and, we will understand only what we are taught."

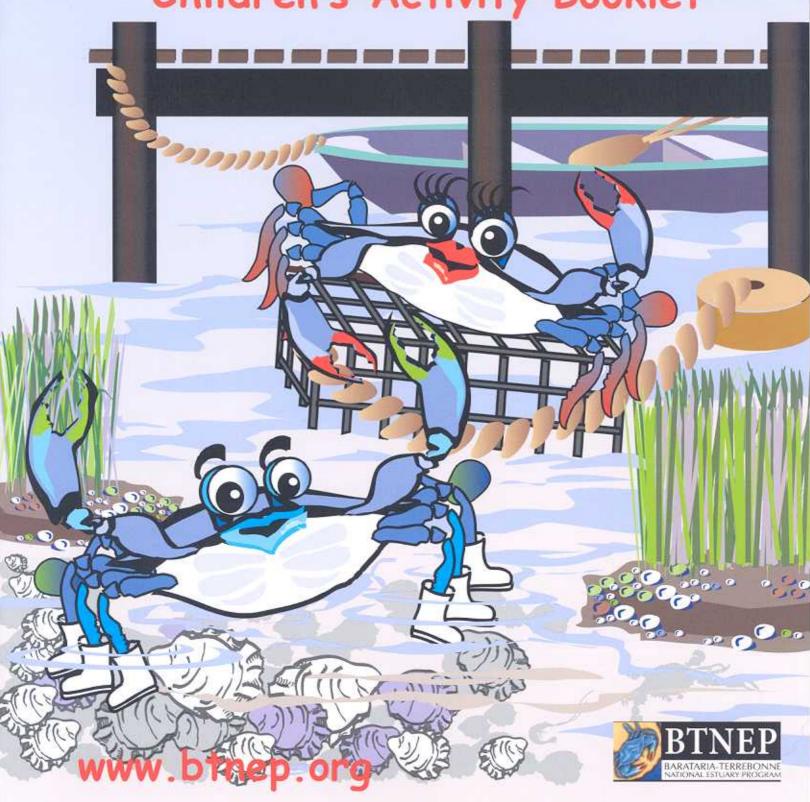
Quote from: Baba Dioum, Senegalese Conservationist



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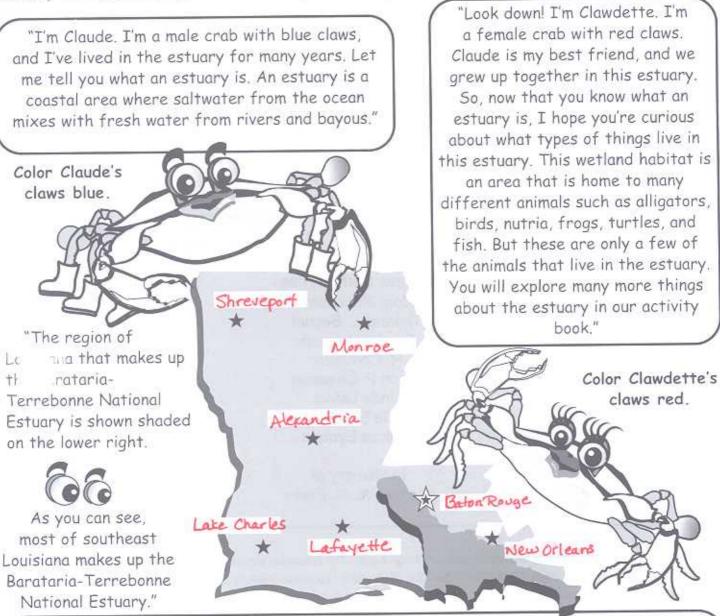
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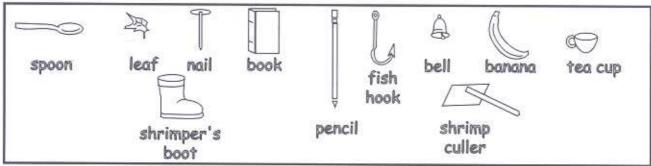


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Can You Find the Hidden Pictures?

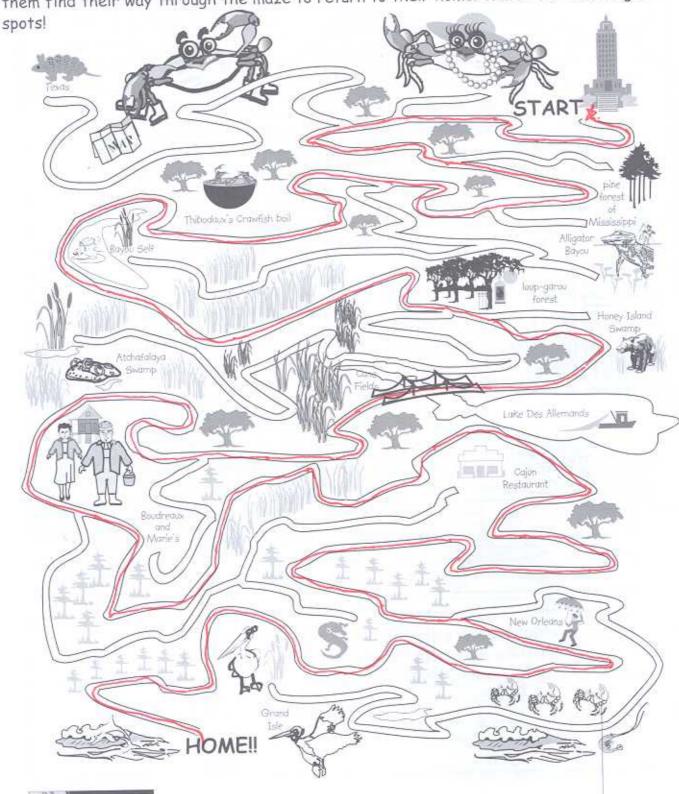






Claude and Clawdette need your help!

Claude and Clawdette need your help to get home!! They went to visit Baton Rouge, but forgot how to get back to their home in the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary. Help them find their way through the maze to return to their home! Watch for the danger



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www.btnep.org

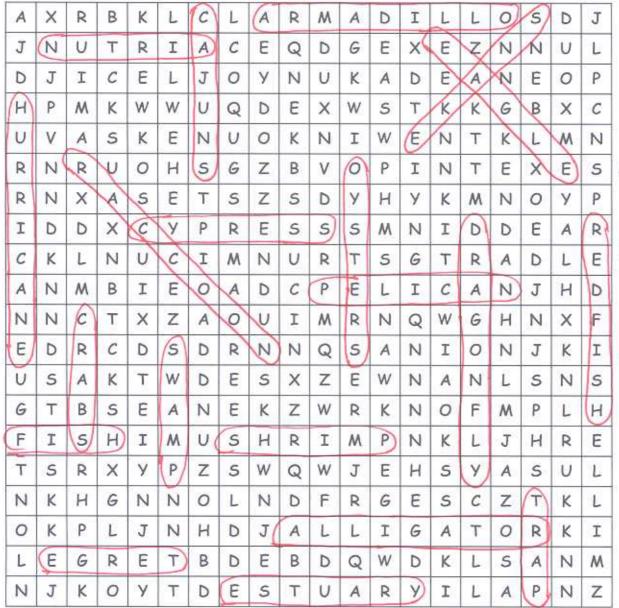
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Can you find all the words?

Claude and Clawdette think you can!!



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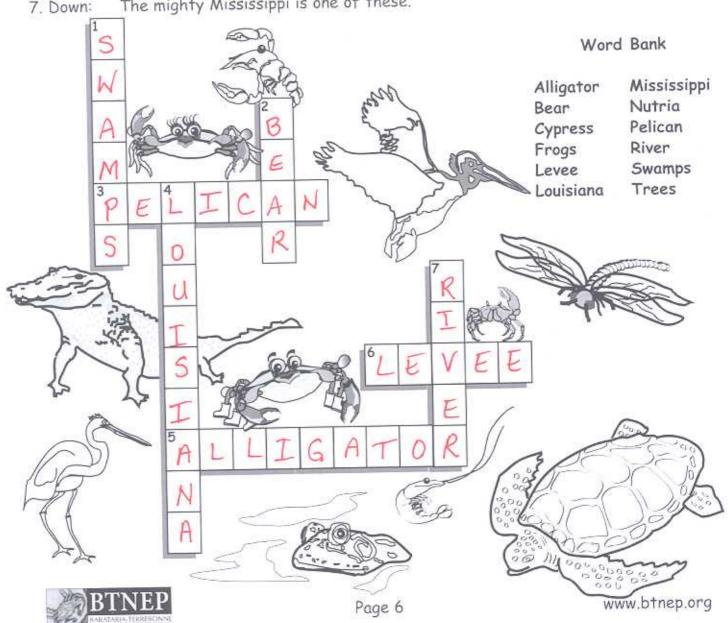
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- The state that contains the Barataria-Terrebonne Estuary is 4. Down:
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- A man-made structure along the rivers that controls the flow of water 6 Across:

in the river.

The mighty Mississippi is one of these. 7. Down:



Coloring Page

An estuary provides habitats for many different animals. Color the estuary animals shown below and write the animal's name in the shaded boxes near each. What do all of these animals have in common? Which animal does not belong and why? (Hint: The answer is on page 12.) The nutria in an invasive Species. Pelican Nutria Egret Ra ccoon Alligator Duck Crab Redfish

Animal Names: Alligator, Crab, Duck, Egret, Frog, Pelican, Raccoon, Redfish, Turtle, Nutria

www.btnep.org

Turtle

Swamp Scramble

Claude and Clawdette have scrambled words related to the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary. Unscramble the words in the blanks to the right of each word.

Word:

LEPCANI SYPCRES LALGRTOIA TRNUAI ISSIMISPSPII VLEEE GFRO YABUO YRETUSA GPROUIE

Unscramble the Words Here:

PELICAN
CYPRESS
ALLIGATOR
NUTRIA
MISSISSIPPI
LEWEE
FROG
BAYOU
ESTUARY
PIROGUE

Word Bank:

Alligator, Bayou, Cypress, Estuary, Frog, Levee, Mississippi, Nutria, Pelican, Pirogue

Now, unscramble the shaded letters above to reveal the message below. Some letters are already placed for you.

HINT: How do we make sure that all of <u>Louisiana's</u> estuary animals have a home near the Gulf of Mexico?



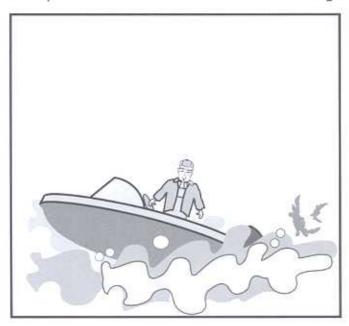


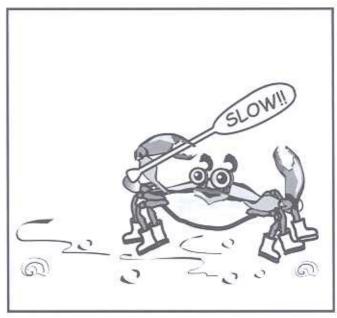


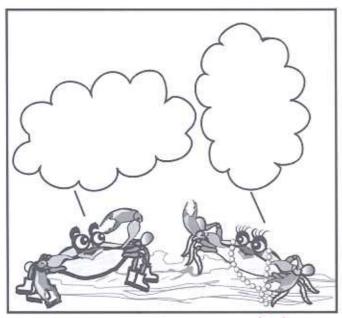
Fragile Marsh Story

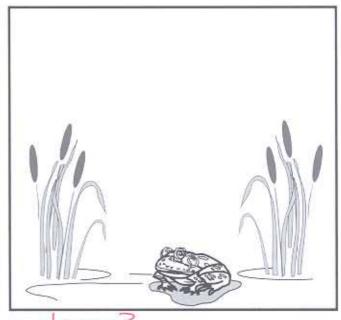
Claude and Clawdette were sitting in the marshes of Louisiana one day. It was a "no-wake" zone near the bayou. While they were sitting there, they saw a boat approaching them. Claude said "That's Mr. Boudreaux in his boat, and he's going too fast." Clawdette agreed with him, saying "Boats that go too fast can damage the fragile coastal wetlands because they make big waves."

In the boxes below, finish the story between Claude and Claudette. Draw in anything else you would like in the boxes. Don't forget to fill in the conversation bubbles!









What

did

you

draw?

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Wetlands as Water Purifiers

You can make your own filter and use it to clean a sample of dirty water. SAFETY NOTE: It is very important that you DO NOT drink this water, as it may still have things in it that are unhealthy. This experiment just shows you how water can be separated from the other materials in solution.

MATERIALS: 2 coffee filters, 20oz. heavy plastic cup, nail, sand, gravel, zip-top bag, charcoal briquettes (unused), clear bowl (approx. 1 quart or larger) & some muddy ditch water.

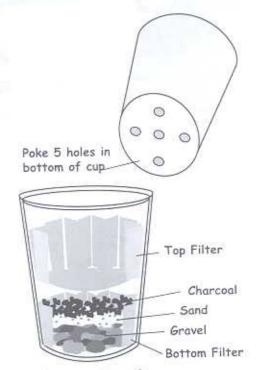
PROCEDURE:

- 1. Using the nail, poke five holes into the bottom of the cup. Have an adult help you with this.
- 2. Put a coffee filter into the bottom of the cup.
- 3. Pour about 2 cm of gravel into the bottom but over the filter.
- 4. Cover the pebbles with about 5 cm of sand.
- 5. Put 1-2 charcoal briquettes into the zip-top bag and then crush them as fine as you can get them. Pour this onto the top of the sand. CAUTION: Crushed charcoal can become quite dusty. Do not breathe in the dust.
- 6. Put the other coffee filter on top of the charcoal.

Once the filter has been put together, collect some muddy water from a ditch or waterway. Gently, pour the muddy water into the filter, being careful not to overfill. Look at the water that comes out of the bottom of the cup into the bowl.

QUESTIONS:

- 1. Describe what you observed in this experiment. Write a paragraph telling your best friend about your experiment and your observations.
- 2. Explain why we should not pollute our water supply.
- 3. Why is pollution bad for the animals and plants of the estuary?



4. What are some things you can do to help prevent water pollution in our estuary?

Have an adult check your answers.



Swamp Sleuth

Crack the code below to figure out how to help to save Louisiana's Coastline. There are three messages below.

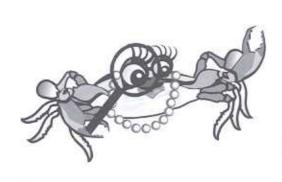
A = 5 B = 12 C = 26 D = 21 E = 1 F = 6 G = 13 H = 2Y = 19 Z = 16

HELP PROTECT AND PRESERVE 2 1 10 15 15 7 8 4 1 26 4 5 3 21 15 7 1 24 1 7 14 1

LOVIS IANA'S 10 8 11 22 24 22 5 3 5 24

COASTAL WETLANDS 26 8 5 24 4 5 10 17 1 4 10 5 3 21 24

Interesting, my dear Clawdette!



KEEP

AND 26 10 1 5 3 5 3 21

7 1 24 15 1 26 4 4 2 1

ESTUARY ENVIRONMENT

1 24 4 11 5 7 19 1 3 14 22 7 8 3 23 1 3 4

Estuary Invaders

Claude and Clawdette meet up with their friend from the estuary, Sally Shrimp. Sally is telling them that the people who live in our estuary have put in several animals and plants that are not native to our area. It has resulted in a dangerous situation for their survival. These creatures are called exotic and may become invasive.

you tell me what exotic species have been put into our estuary?

Sure I can! I'll pick 3 of the most common examples. Alligatorweed, Water Hyacinth, and Nutria.

Nutria are

large rodents that live near water. Nutria were released to Louisiana's coastline originally for the fur trapping industry. However, not many people trap

Color the nutria brown.

You're right, Sally!

anymore, so the population

has grown rapidly. The problem with nutria is that it is a very

hungry animal that eats the roots of our native plants. causing coastal land loss. A nutria can eat 25% of its body weight each day. There is a coast-wide nutria control program.

Alligatorweed

is originally from Argentina, and it has become a major pest. It grows in shallow marsh ponds and on the edges of bayous and sheltered lakes, as well as on the wetland surface. Alligatorweed infestations block rivers, canals, and ditches across the south, often causing severe flooding

The

Water Hyacinth is a plant that forms floating mats. It is native to South America and is now a serious pest in the southern United States. It was first brought to Louisiana because of its beautiful purple flowers. The first account of its introduction is from the Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans in 1884. The plant was originally

grown in ponds at homes around New Orleans and eventually escaped from there to the marshes and bayous of Louisiana

Water hyacinth mats may double in size within two weeks. The plants remove oxygen

from water.

Color the flowers purple

Color the alligator weed

green

To learn more about exotic or invesive species, visit the website: www.invasive.btnep.org

www.btnep.org

Claude's Estuary Quiz

Claude wants to know how much you've learned about the Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary. Choose wisely!!

Circle your answer.



- 1. The types of trees that grow in Louisiana's freshwater swamps are called:
 - a) Great Oak Trees
 - c) Poplar Trees

- b) Cypress Trees
 d) Christmas Trees
- 2. Which of these animals is NOT native to Louisiana's estuaries and swamps?
 - (a) Nutria
 - C) Croh

- b) Alligator
- d) Snake
- 3. The Louisiana Estuary System supports which of these outdoor recreational sports?
 - a) Fishing
 - c) Trapping

- b) Hunting
- d) It supports all of these.
- 4. Which of these plants is NOT native to Louisiana AND can harm our wetlands?
 - (a) Water Hyacinth
- b) Marsh Grass

c) Cat Tail

- d) Magnolia Tree
- 5. Which of these is **NOT** a way southeast Louisiana residents make money from the estuary?
 - a) The Oil and Gas Industry
- b) Fishing, Trapping, and Hunting
- c) Navigation and Boating
- (d) Making Cars

FACT: Since 1932, the Louisiana estuary has lost over 656 square miles of wetlands and barrier islands. The losses are caused by forces of nature and activities of people.

FACT: Louisiana loses nearly a football field of wetland (on average) every 40 minutes!!

FACT: Louisiana is one of America's largest and most productive estuaries. Freshwater drains from the land into lakes, bays, and bayous and meets the salty tides of the Gulf of Mexico.



FACT: As land is lost, salt water from the Gulf of Mexico moves deep into the estuary's freshwater areas through a process called saltwater intrusion causing harm to animals and plants.

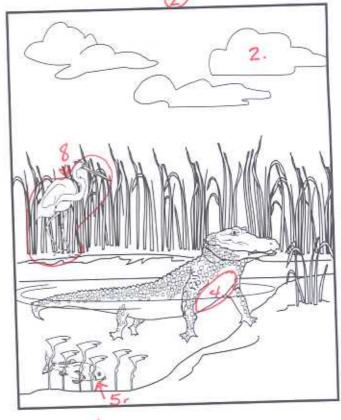
FACT: Barataria-Terrebonne's four-million-acre estuarine system provides nearly \$1 billion a year in commercial seafood fishing, sport fishing, and hunting.



Eagle Eye Challenge

Claude and Clawdette want to know how good your eyes and observation skills are. Can you spot the differences between the two pictures of Mr. Al E. Gator? Circle the differences between the two and then on the lines below the pictures, explain the differences. There are eight differences between the pictures. Good Luck!



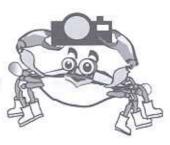


- 1. Cypress tress are in picture one only.
- 2. Cloudsarin picture two only.
- 3. Nostrils on the alligator are different.
- 4. Under belly of alligator is different.
- 5. Fish is in picture two only.
- 6. Pond grasses are different.
- 7. Cat tails are in picture one only.
- 3. Egretis in picture two only.

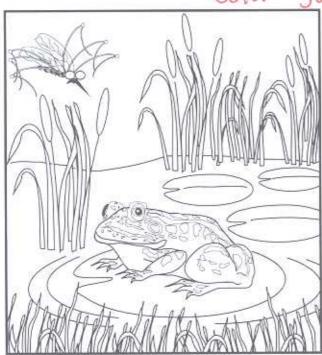


Habitat Happenings

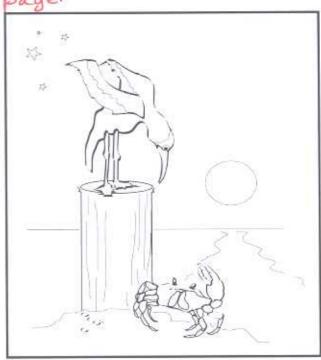
Claude has taken pictures of his estuary friends. But, the film was black and white. Help him out by coloring in the pictures. Below each picture is a description of a habitat happening.







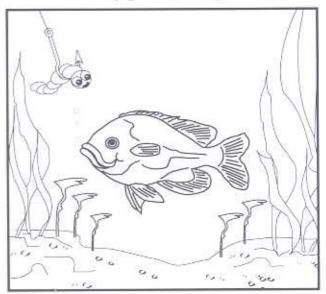
Freddie the Fabulous Frog waits for his next meal.



Sal the Seagull & Frankie the Fiddler Crab say good evening.



Claude & Clawdette go Cajun dancing in this self-portrait.



Perry the Playful Perch tricks the fisherman.



Edible Estuary

Claude and Clawdette have found a fun way to make and eat your own home-made "estuary". With the help of an adult, follow the directions below to make your own estuary.

Ingredients:

1 package berry blue gelatin 1 cup boiling water 2 cups ice cubes gummy fish and/or worms

Directions:

- Dissolve blue gelatin in the boiling water. Prepare as package directions indicate.
- 2. Add ice cubes, stirring until gelatin thickens. This will take about 3-5 minutes.
- Remove any un-melted ice and spoon gelatin into clear-sided bowls or cups or into one big bowl. The gelatin should be slightly thickened.
- Poke gummy fish and/or worms into each dish of slightly thickened gelatin.
 Create your own "estuary ecosystem."
- 5. Refrigerate at least 30 minutes to allow it time to set.
- 6. Have fun and eat your own home-made estuary.

If you are unable to find the berry blue flavor, use a store brand plain gelatin and add blue food coloring and/or flavoring to suit your taste. Another alternative would be to add a couple of drops of blue food coloring to lemon or lime gelatin to obtain the color green.

Estuary Quick Facts

- In 1991, wetland-related tourism activities such as hunting, fishing, bird-watching and photography added approximately \$59 billion to the United States' economy.
- An acre of wetland can store 1 1.5 million gallons of flood water.
- Up to one-half of North American bird species nest or feed in wetlands.
- Although wetlands keep only about 5 percent of the land surface in the United States, they are home to 31 percent of our plant species.

Adapted From: http://www.epa.gov/owow/wetlands/pdf/fun_val_pr.pdf



Resources Page

Use these links to learn more about Louisiana wetlands or just to have fun.

http://www.btnep.org

The Barataria-Terrebonne National Estuary Program Web Page

http://www.lacoast.gov

Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration Act

Web Page

http://www.laseagrant.org/ Louisiana Sea Grant Web Page

http://www.lsuagcenter.com/

LSU Agricultural Center Web Page

http://www.leeric.lsu.edu/le/special/bara_terre3.htm Facts about the Louisiana Estuary system

http://biology.usgs.gov/s+t/SNT/noframe/gc138.htm Facts about Coastal Louisiana

http://invasive.btnep.org Images of invasive species

http://www.wlf,louisiana.gov/ Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries Web Page

http://www.geocities.com/timtam50k/ Nutria-Ray.jpg

Nutria Pictures

http://www.wisegorilla.com/images/seacreatures

/seacreatures.html

Sea Creatures Images

http://www.photo.net/photo/pcd4336/corkscrew-swamp-alligator-70.tcl Picture of Alligator

http://www.ucls.uchicago.edu/students/projects/ChicagoWater/filter.html Learn to make your own water filter

http://www.leeric.lsu.edu/educat/lessons/erosion/coast_e2.htm Coastal Erosion on LEERIC at LSU

http://www.myfreecolouringpages.com/free_coloring_pages.htm Coloring Pictures



